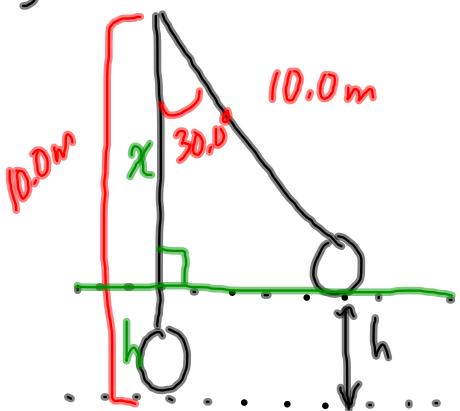


From HW (PP | 287)

5.



To find h :

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos 30.0^\circ = \frac{x}{10.0\text{ m}}$$

$$x = (10.0\text{ m}) (\cos 30.0^\circ)$$

$$\boxed{x = 8.66\text{ m}}$$

a) $E_g = mgh$

$$x + h = 10.0\text{ m}$$

$$h = 10.0\text{ m} - x$$

b) $E_k = ?$ (bottom)

$$h = 10.0\text{ m} - 8.66\text{ m}$$

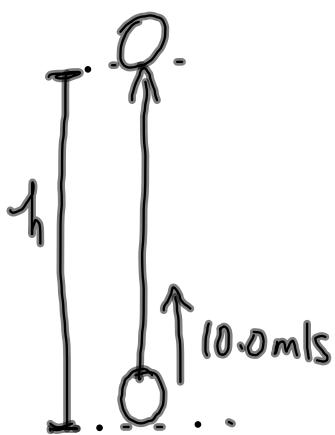
c) $v = ?$ ($E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$)

$$\boxed{h = 1.3\text{ m}}$$

4.

$$v = 10.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h = ?$$



$$\bar{E}_{\text{total}} = \bar{E}'_{\text{total}}$$

(bottom) (top)

$$\cancel{\bar{E}_g} + \bar{E}_k = \bar{E}_g' + \bar{E}_k'$$

$$0 + \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgh + 0$$

$$\cancel{\frac{1}{2}mv^2} = \cancel{mgh}$$

$$h = \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

$$h = \frac{(10.0 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}$$

$$\boxed{h = 5.10 \text{ m}}$$

OR using kinematics

$$v_i = +10.0 \text{ m/s } (v)$$

$$a = -9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

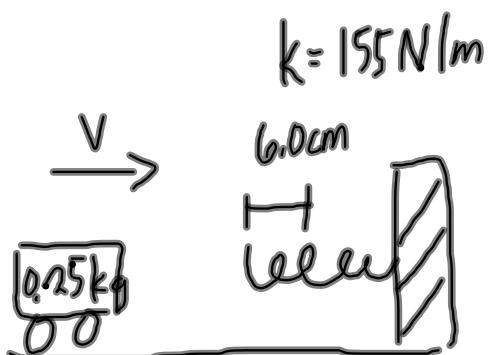
$$v_f = 0 \quad v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$\Delta d = ? \quad (h) \quad 0 = v^2 - 2gh$$

$$2gh = v^2$$

$$h = \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

same as above.

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$$E_{\text{total}} = E'_{\text{total}}$$

(before compress) (fully compressed)

$$E_e + E_k = E'_e + E'_k$$

$$0 + \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}kx^2 + 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$$

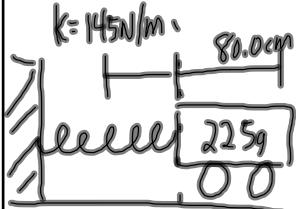
$$mv^2 = kx^2$$

$$v^2 = \frac{kx^2}{m}$$

$$v^2 = \frac{(155 \text{ N/m})(0.060 \text{ m})^2}{0.25 \text{ kg}}$$

$$V = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$$

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equilibrium
position.

(max KE \Rightarrow max v)

$$a) V_{\text{max}} = ?$$

$$b) x = ? \text{ when } v = \frac{1}{2} V_{\text{max}}$$

$$v = \frac{1}{2}(20.3 \text{ m/s})$$

$$v = 10.15 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a) E_{\text{total}}' = E_{\text{total}}$$

(fully stretch) (equilibrium)

$$E_e + E_k = E_e' + E_k'$$

$$\frac{1}{2}kx^2 + 0 = 0 + \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$\cancel{\frac{1}{2}kx^2} = \cancel{\frac{1}{2}mv^2}$$

$$v^2 = \frac{kx^2}{m}$$

$$v^2 = \frac{(145 \text{ N/m})(0.800 \text{ m})^2}{0.225 \text{ kg}}$$

$$v = \pm 20.3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$b) E_{\text{total}} = E_{\text{total}}'$$

(fully stretched) (partial stretch)

$$E_e + E_k = E_e' + E_k'$$

$$\cancel{\frac{1}{2}kx_1^2} + 0 = \cancel{\frac{1}{2}kx_2^2} + \cancel{\frac{1}{2}mv^2}$$

$$kx_1^2 = kx_2^2 + mv^2$$

$$(145 \text{ N/m})(0.800 \text{ m})^2 = (145 \text{ N/m})x_2^2 + (0.225 \text{ kg}) \frac{(10.15 \text{ m/s})^2}{(10.15 \text{ m/s})}$$

$$92.8 \text{ J} = 145x_2^2 + 23.2 \text{ J}$$

$$69.6 \text{ J} = (145 \text{ N/m})x_2^2$$

$$x_2 = \pm 0.693 \text{ m}$$

If the cart is 69.3 cm
from the equilibrium
it will be travelling
at $\frac{1}{2}V_{\text{max}}$

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